

# Experimental Assessment of Oxygenation to Repress Methylmercury Release at the Profundal Sediment-Water Interface in Hodges Reservoir, California, USA



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# Acknowledgements



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# Presentation Outline

- § Project Background & Objectives
- § Study Site
- § Mercury Cycling
- § Experimental Results
- § 2017 In Situ Monitoring Results
- § Conclusions



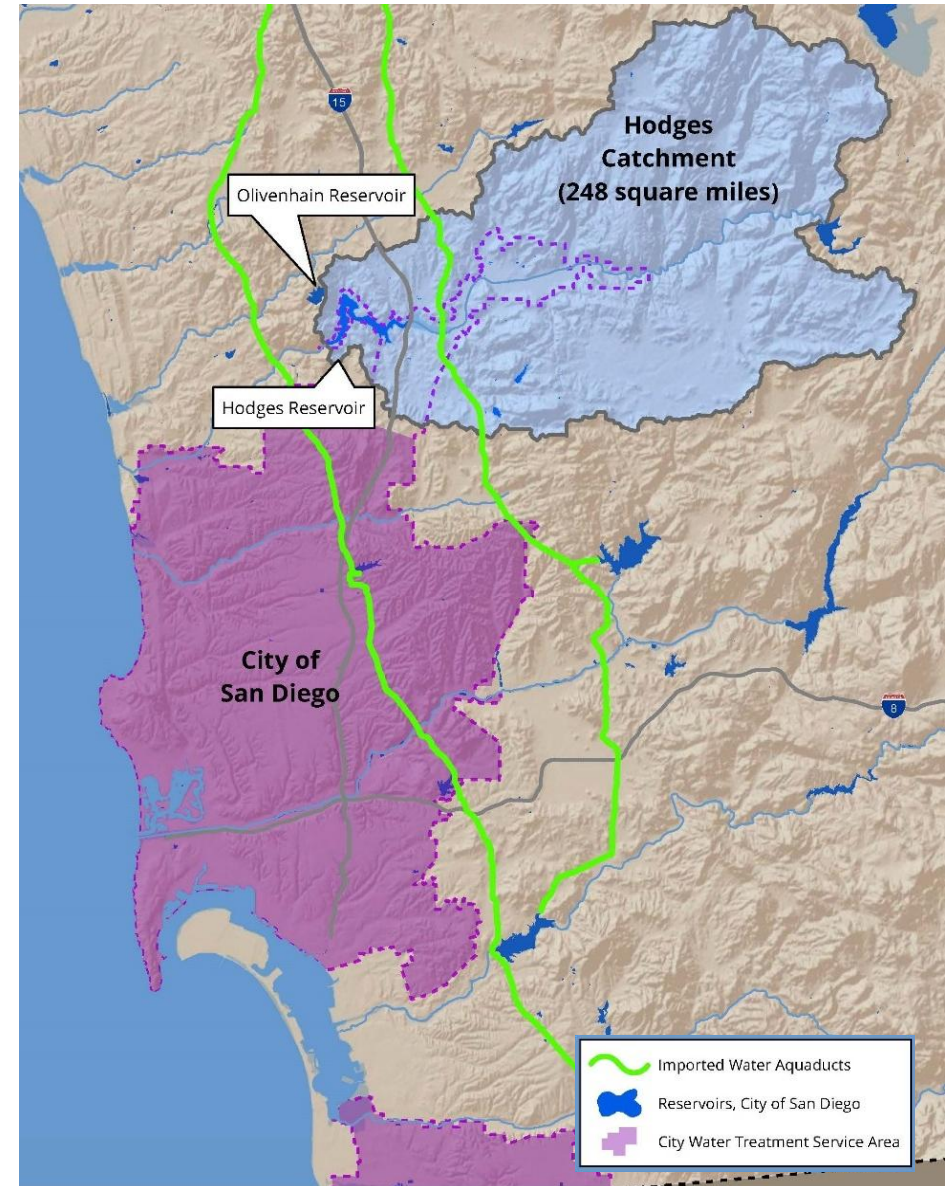
# Project Background & Objectives

- § California regulators are implementing a **Statewide Mercury Control Program for Reservoirs** to protect human and wildlife health
- § State is asking reservoir managers to implement **pilot studies** to reduce mercury in fish focusing on managing water chemistry and food webs
- § San Diego is implementing an **oxygenation project in Hodges Reservoir** as part of comprehensive water quality improvement program
- § We performed a **laboratory sediment flux study** to assess response of profundal sediment under oxic versus anoxic conditions
- § We are also performing an **ongoing field study** to assess impacts of oxygenation on water quality and mercury cycling



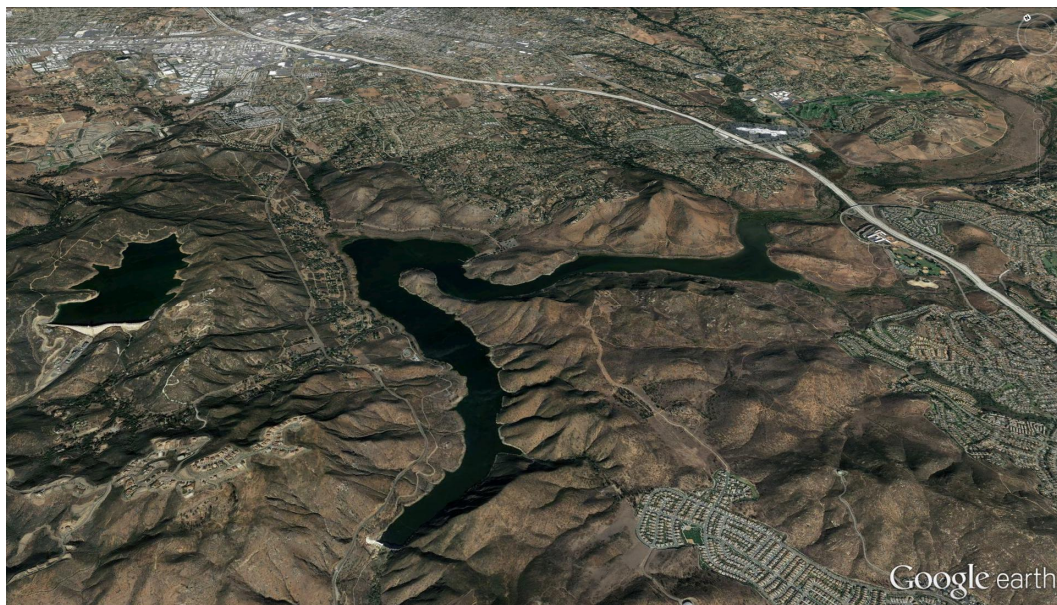
# Hodges Reservoir

- § Backup water supply reservoir
- § 37 million m<sup>3</sup> volume
- § 35 m maximum depth
- § 64,000 hectare watershed
- § Urban and agriculture
- § Degraded water quality
- § Oxygenation in 2019





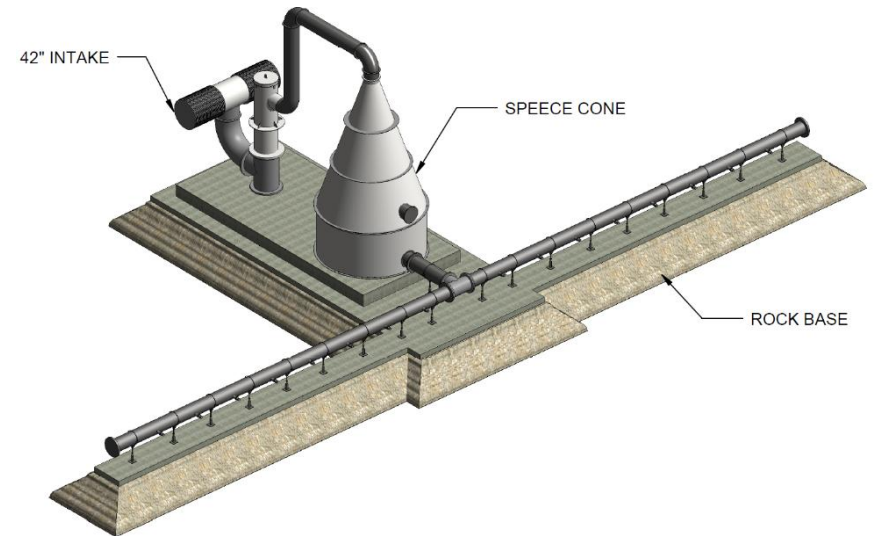
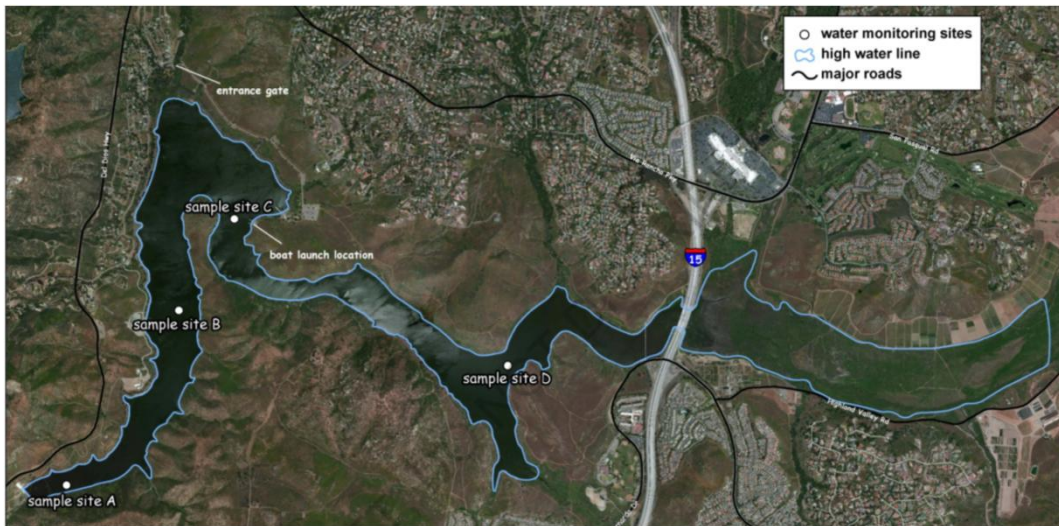
# Hodges Reservoir





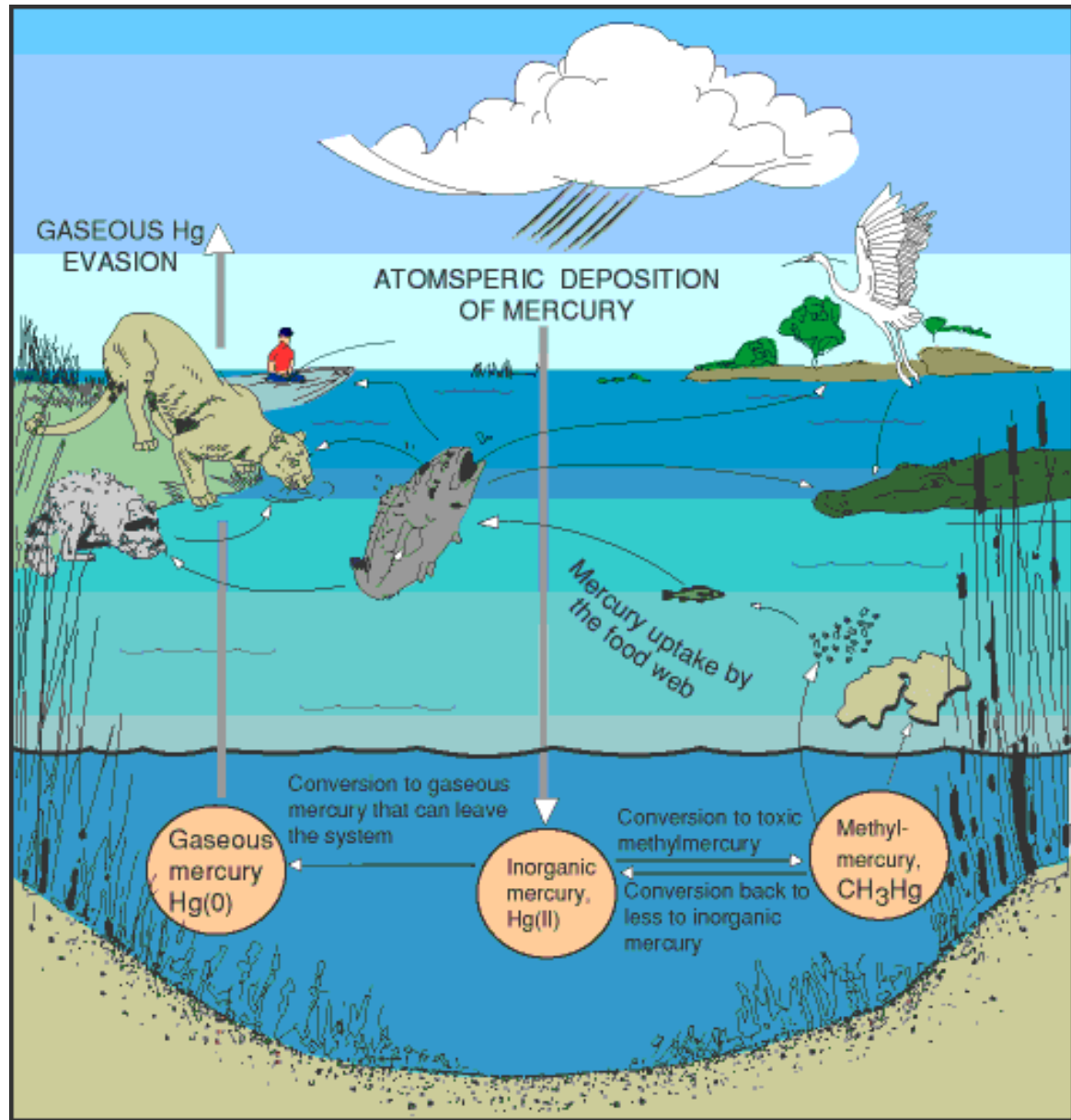
# Hodges Oxygenation

- § On-shore LOX storage
- § Submerged cone near dam
- § 8 tons of oxygen per day
- § \$4 million construction cost



# Mercury Cycle

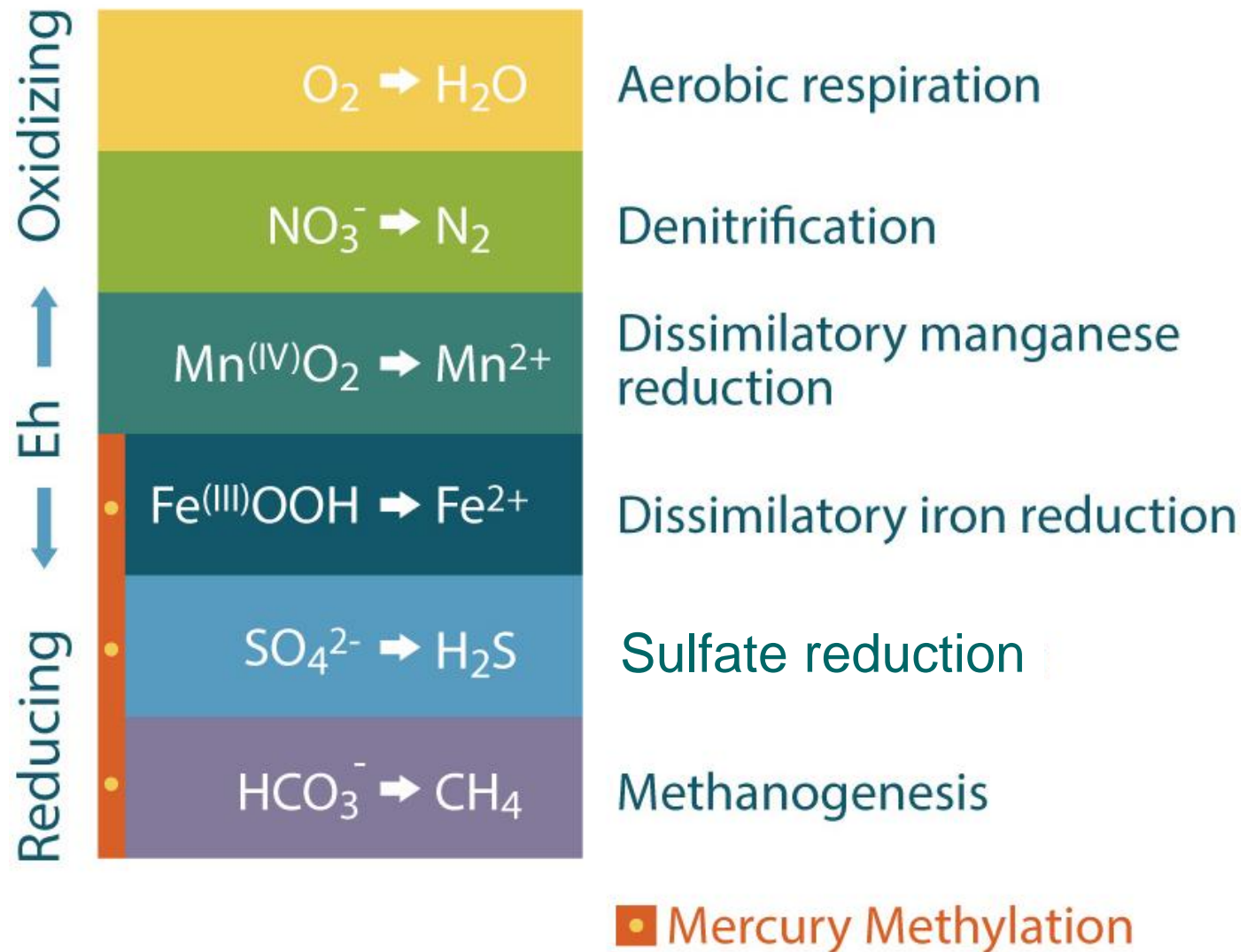
Bioavailable  $\text{Hg(II)}$   
Active sulfate-reducing  
bacteria  
Methylation >  
demethylation



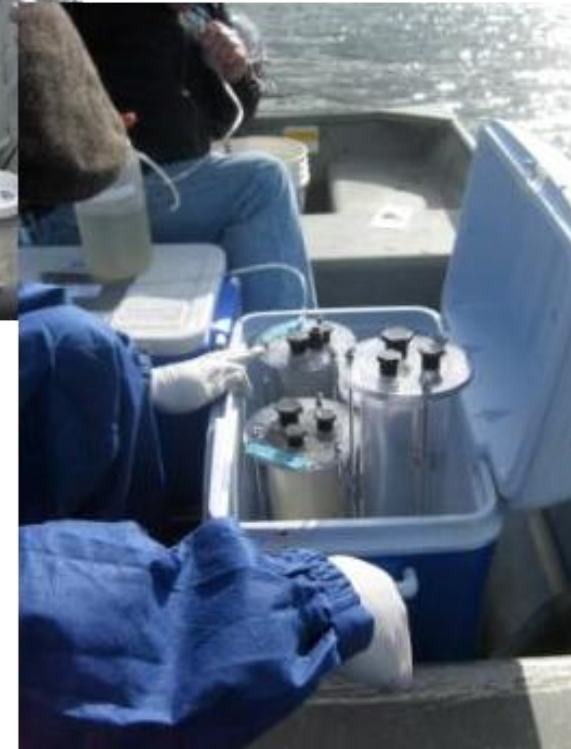


# Mercury Cycle

Synergy with  
internal loading  
of nutrients,  
manganese  
and iron



# Chamber Incubations





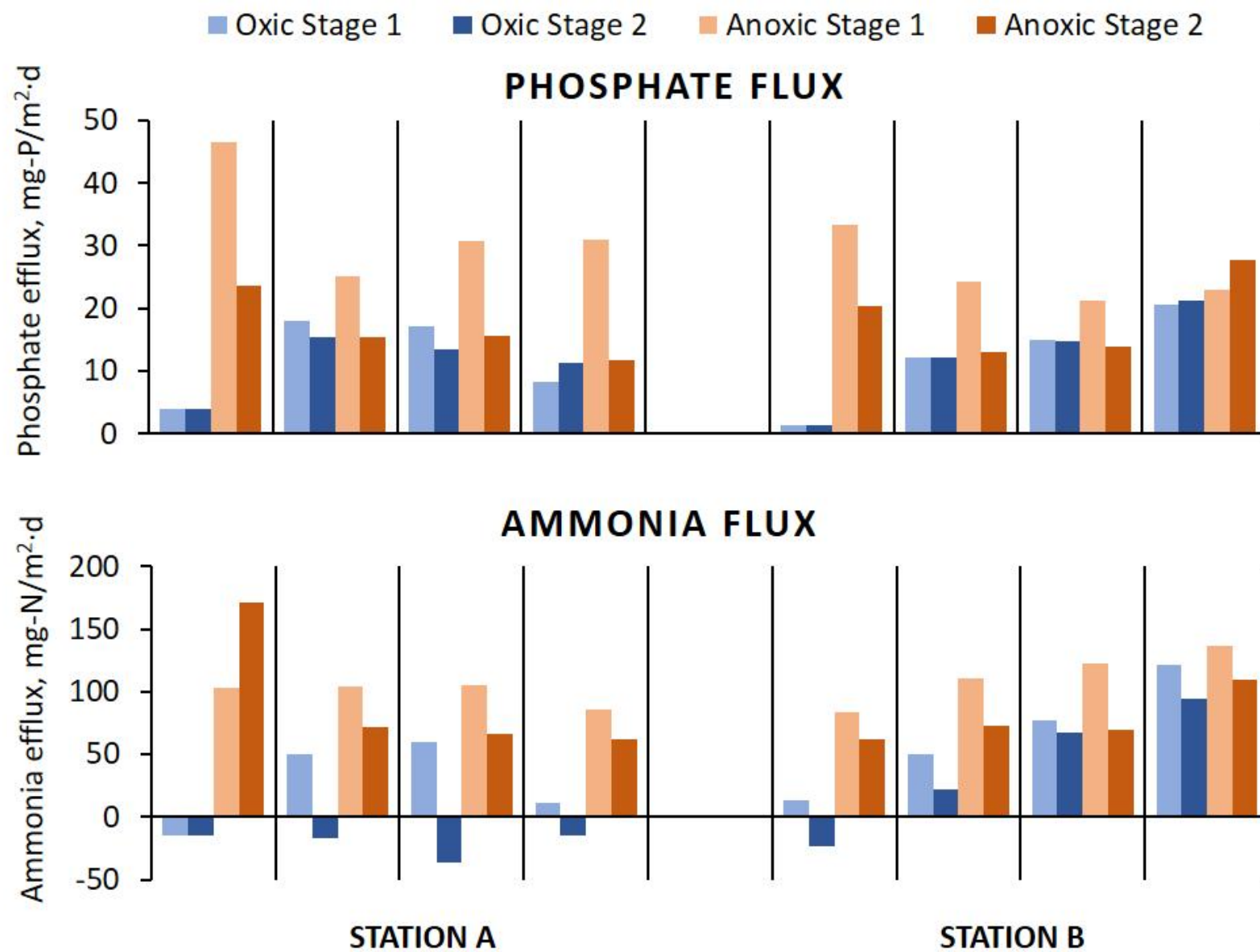
# Chamber Incubations



Oxic



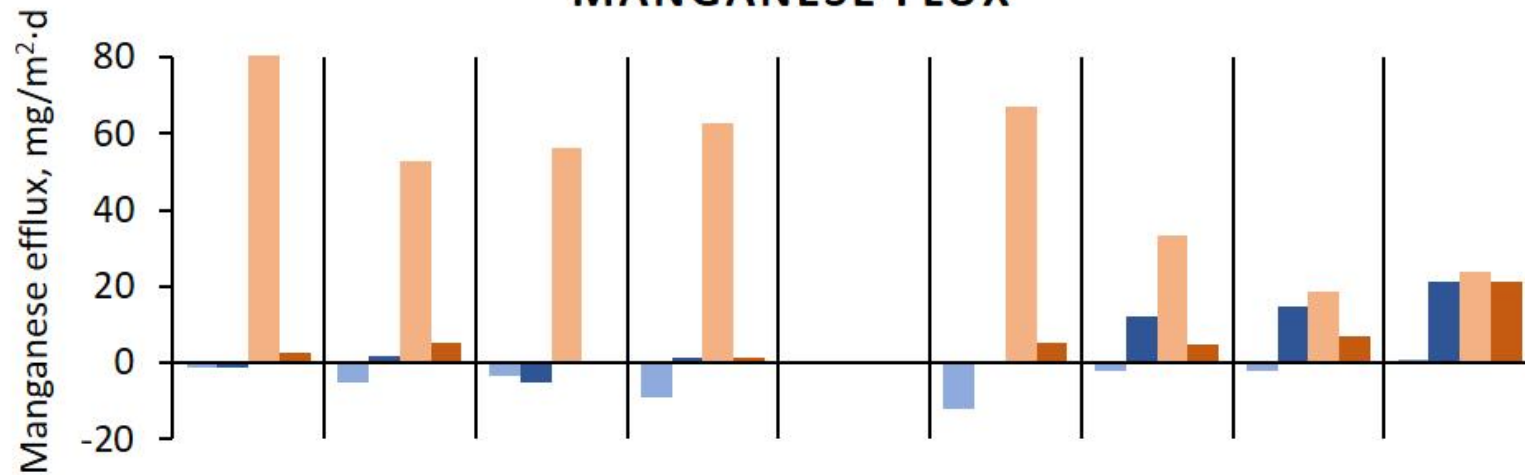
Anoxic



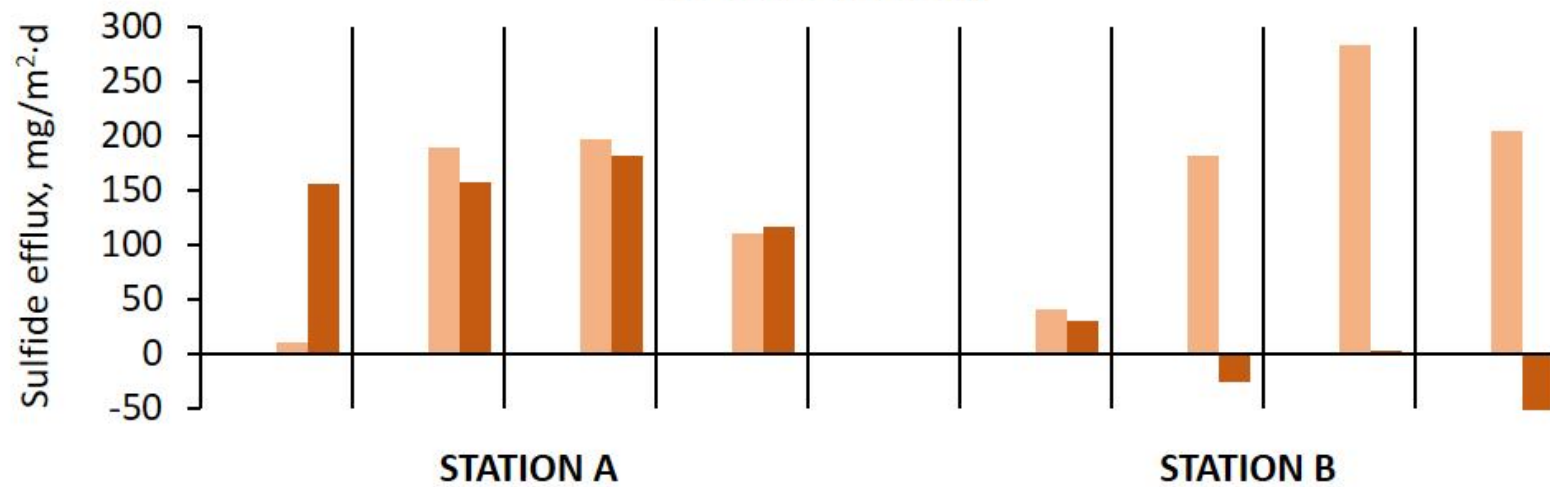


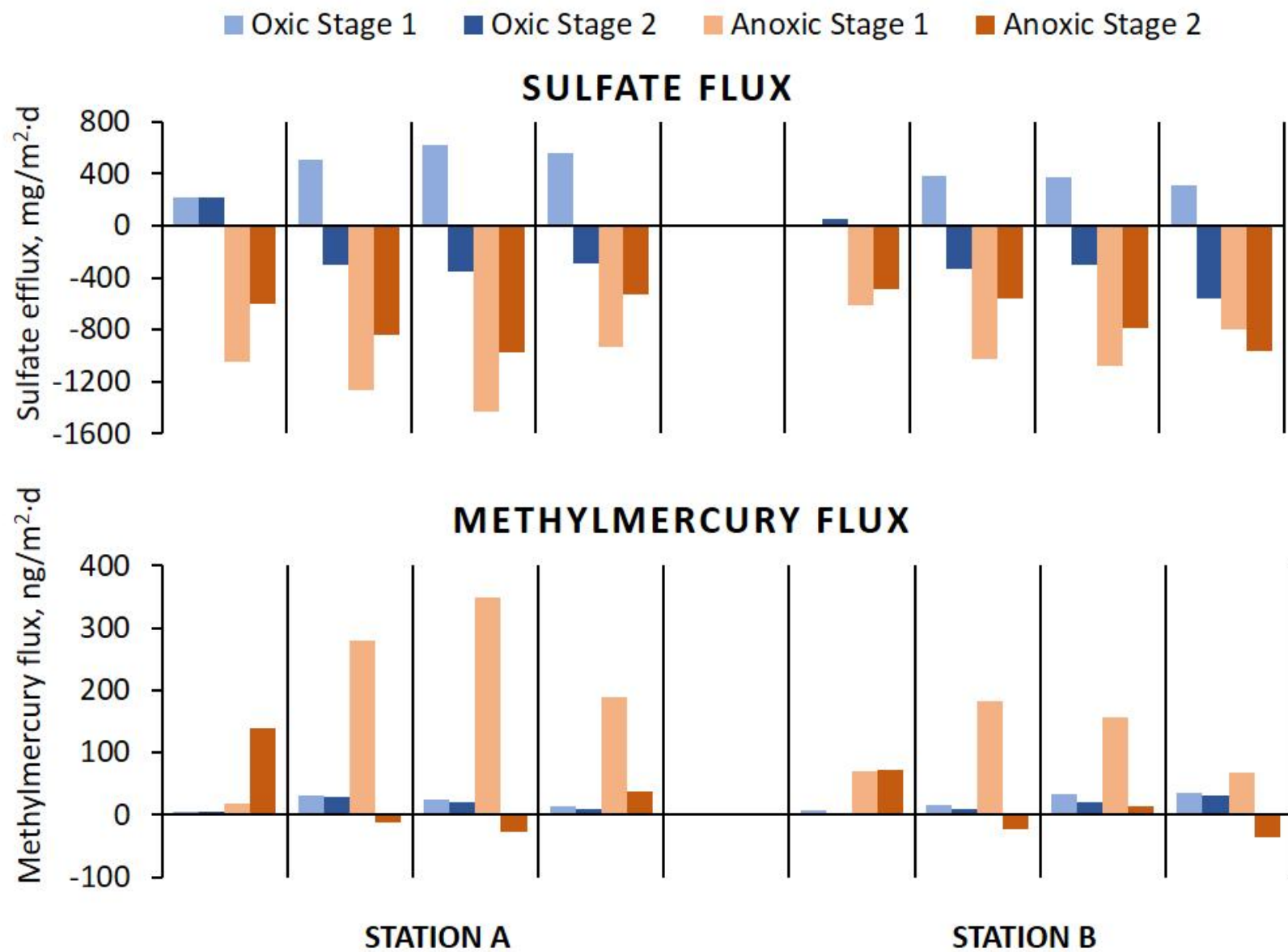
■ Oxidic Stage 1   ■ Oxidic Stage 2   ■ Anoxic Stage 1   ■ Anoxic Stage 2

### MANGANESE FLUX



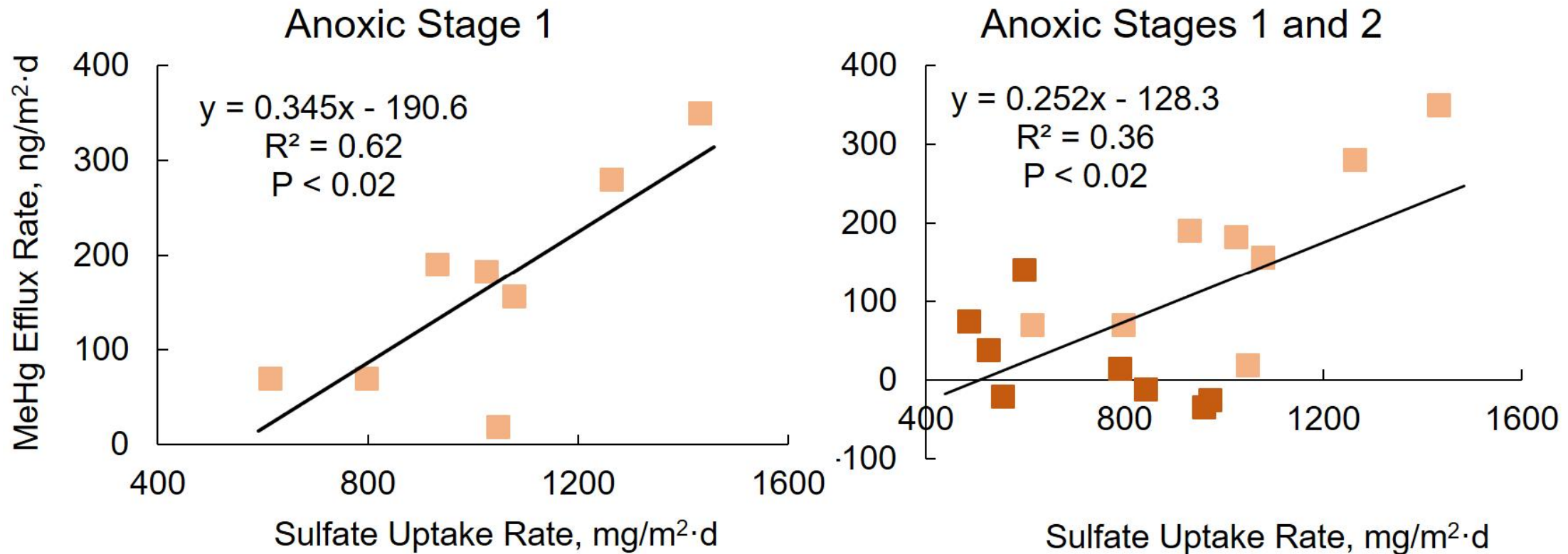
### SULFIDE FLUX







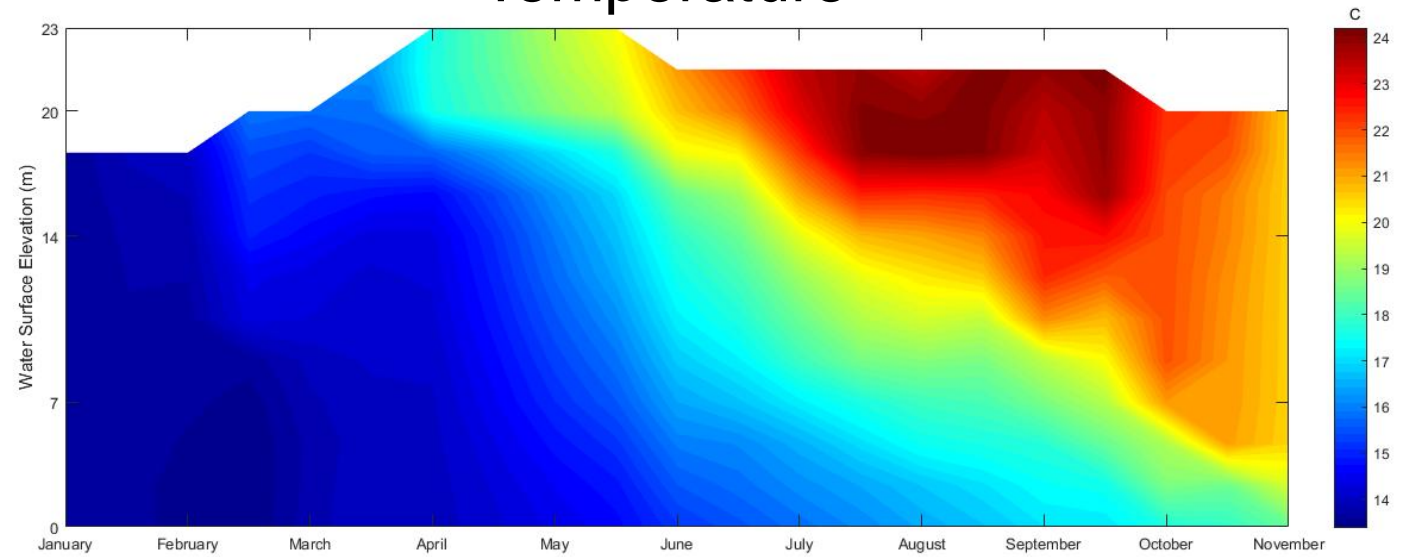
# Sulfate – Methylmercury Linkage



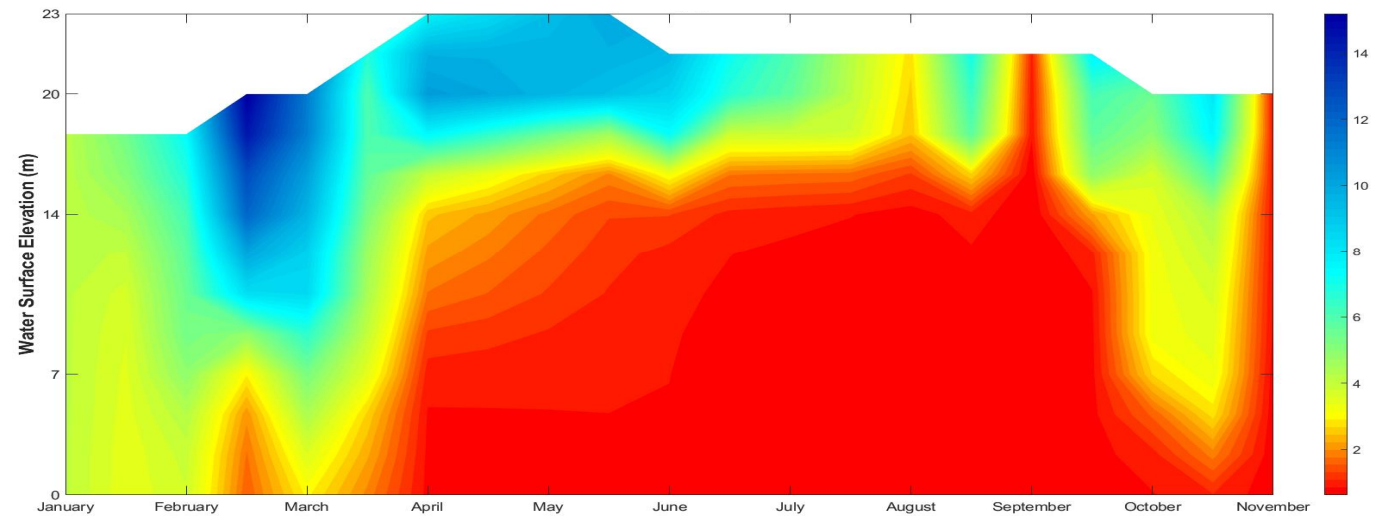
Net methylation declines as anoxia progresses

# Hodges 2017

## Temperature



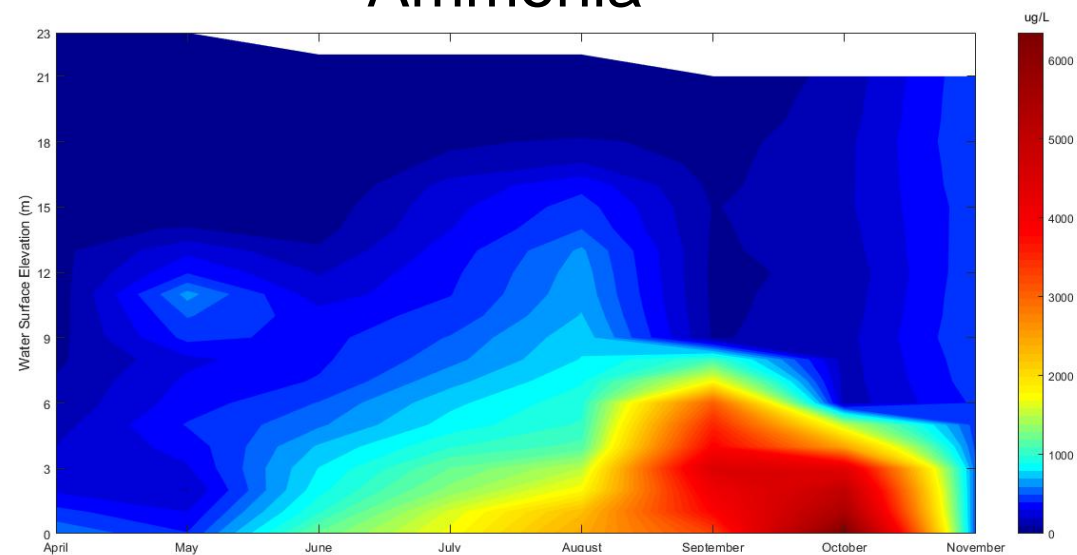
## Dissolved Oxygen



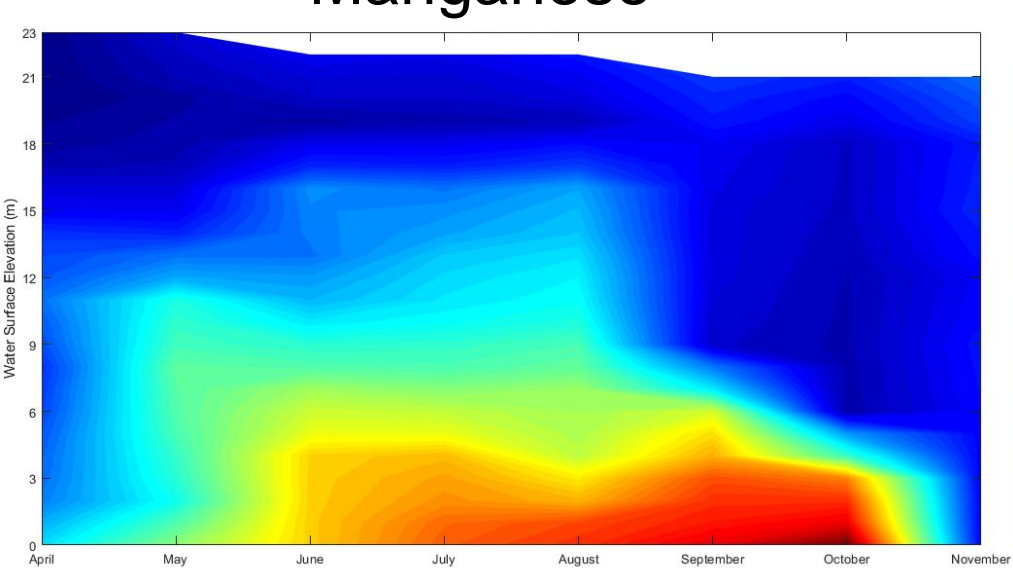


# Hodges 2017

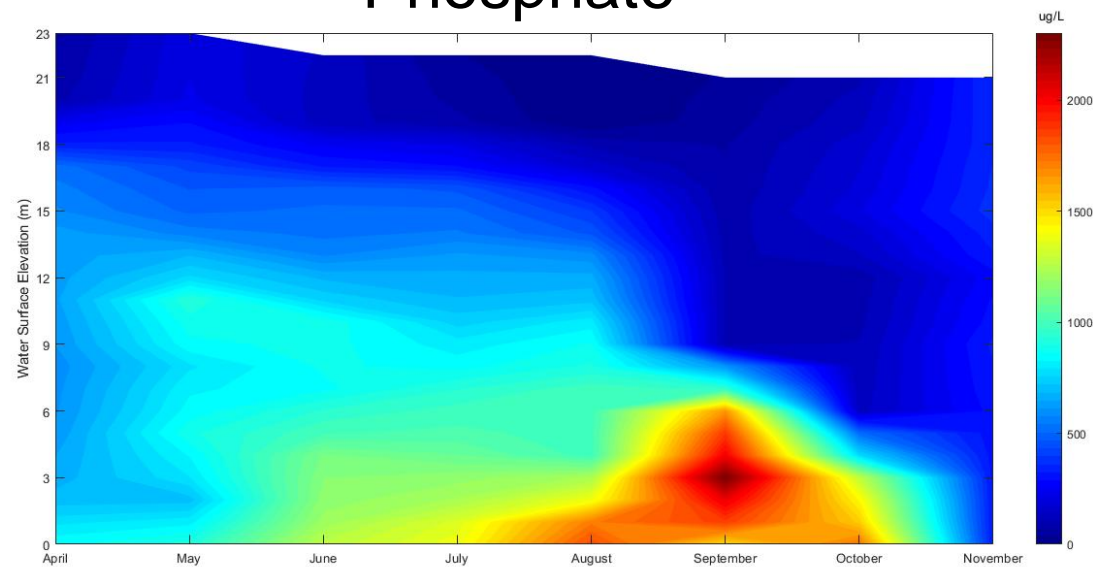
## Ammonia



## Manganese

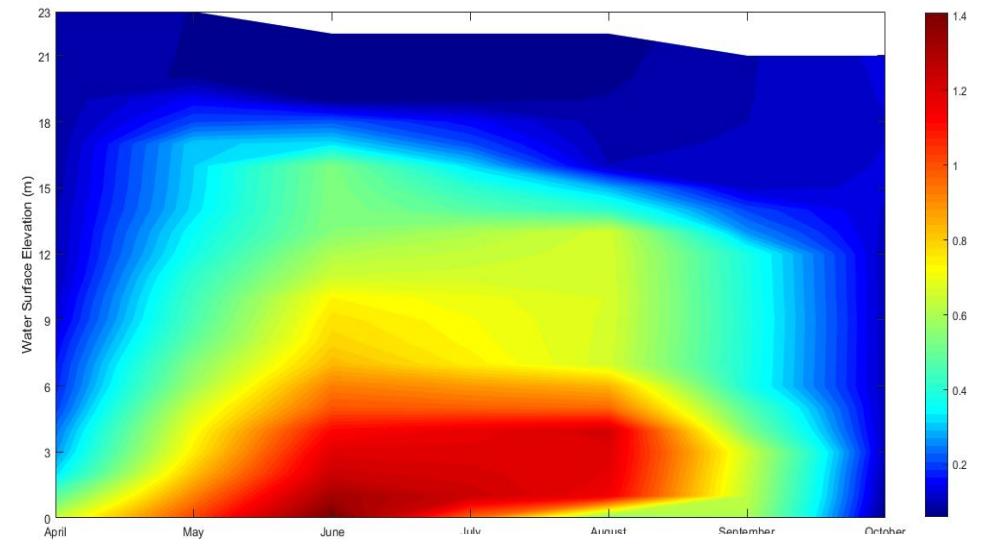


## Phosphate

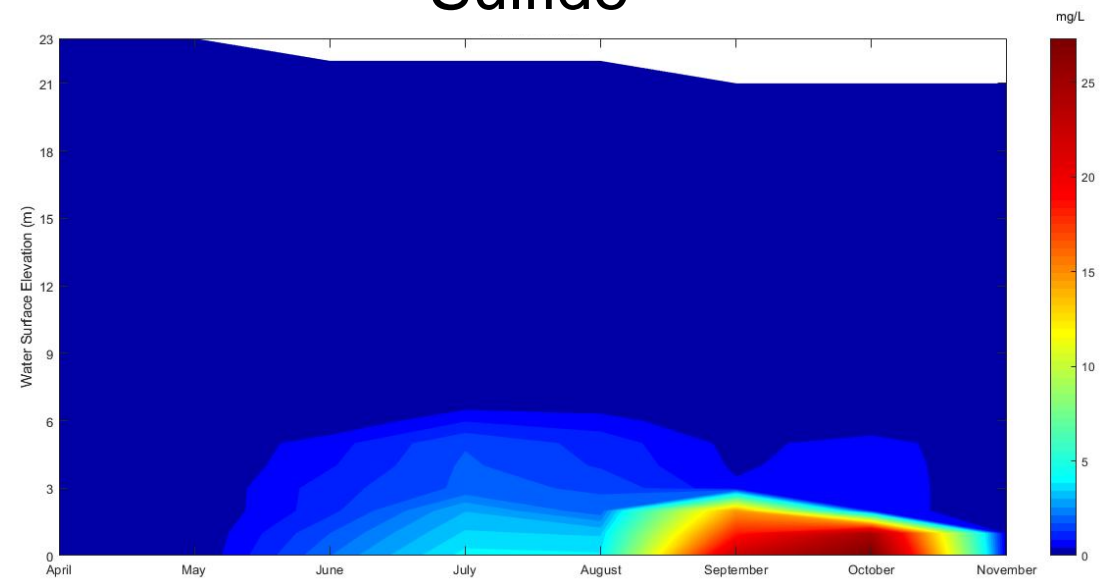


# Hodges 2017

## Methylmercury

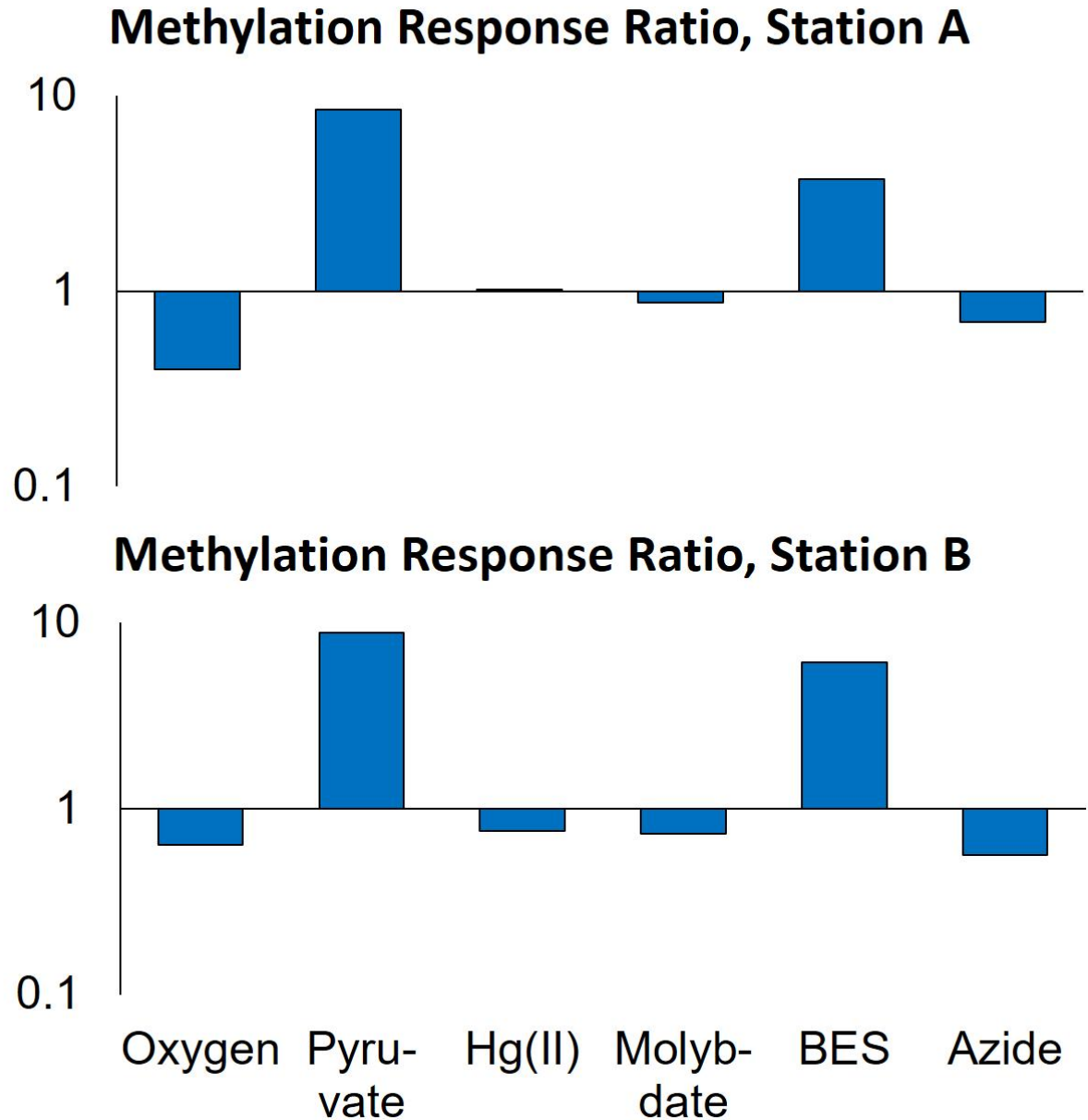


## Sulfide



# Hodges 2018

Net methylation in sediment is stimulated by carbon and suppression of methanogens that demethylate MeHg





# Conclusions

- § Experimental chambers show that maintenance of oxygenated conditions near the sediment-water interface represses methylmercury release
- § Both experimental chambers and field monitoring indicate that methylmercury production is associated with mildly reduced conditions
- § Results suggest that Hg(II) bioavailability and/or enhanced demethylation by methanogens may play a role in repressing methylmercury production under highly reduced conditions
- § Oxygenation could yield synergistic repression of sediment release of nutrients, manganese, iron and methylmercury
- § Reservoir managers must avoid accidentally enhancing methylmercury production due to incomplete oxygenation of the profundal zone!

# Kiitos!

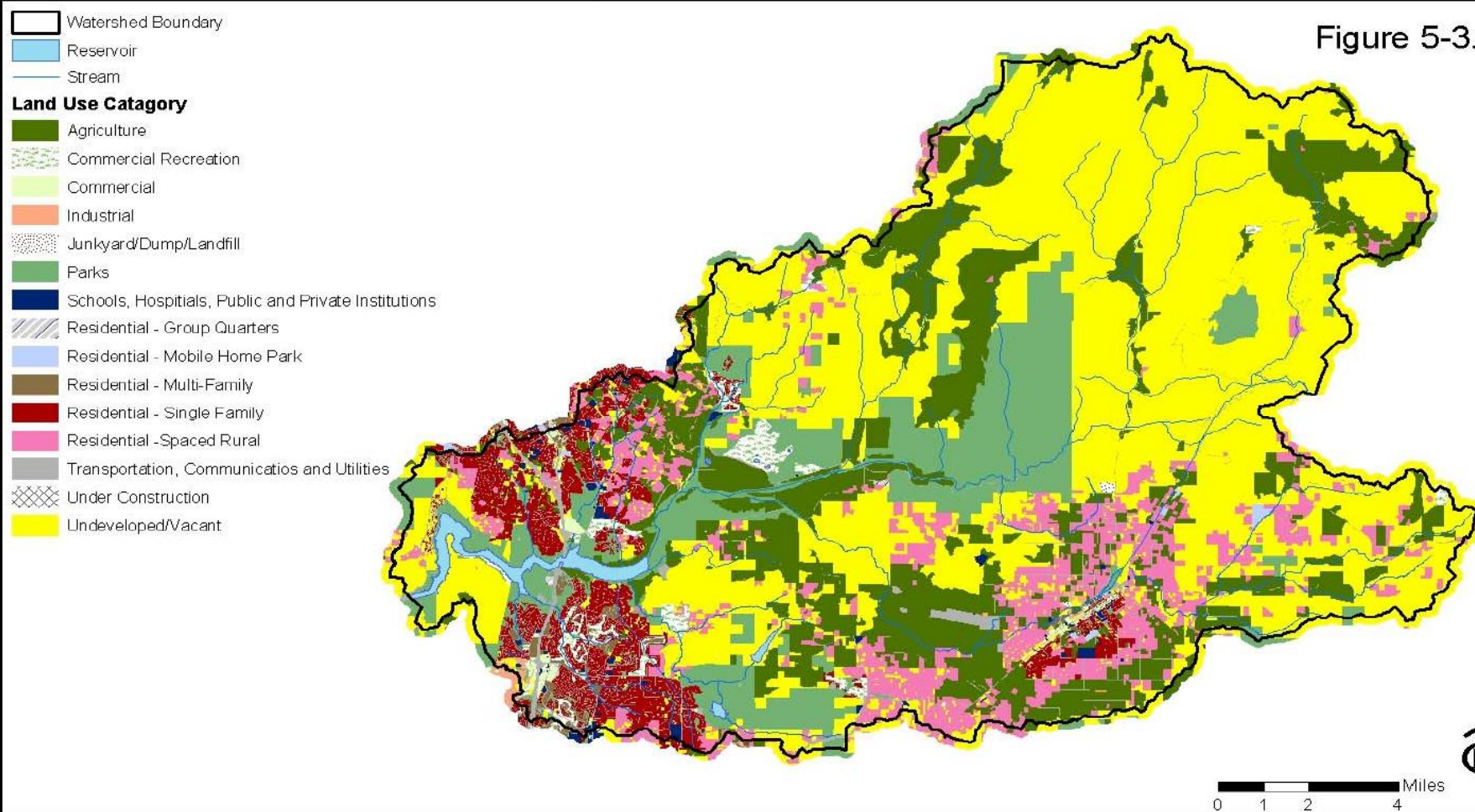






# Hodges Watershed LANDUSE

Figure 5-3.7



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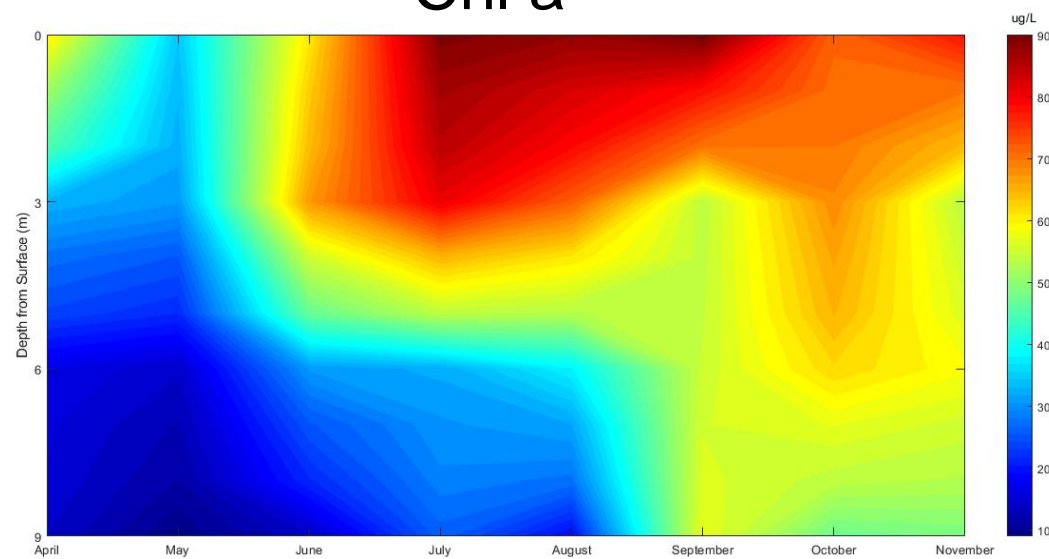
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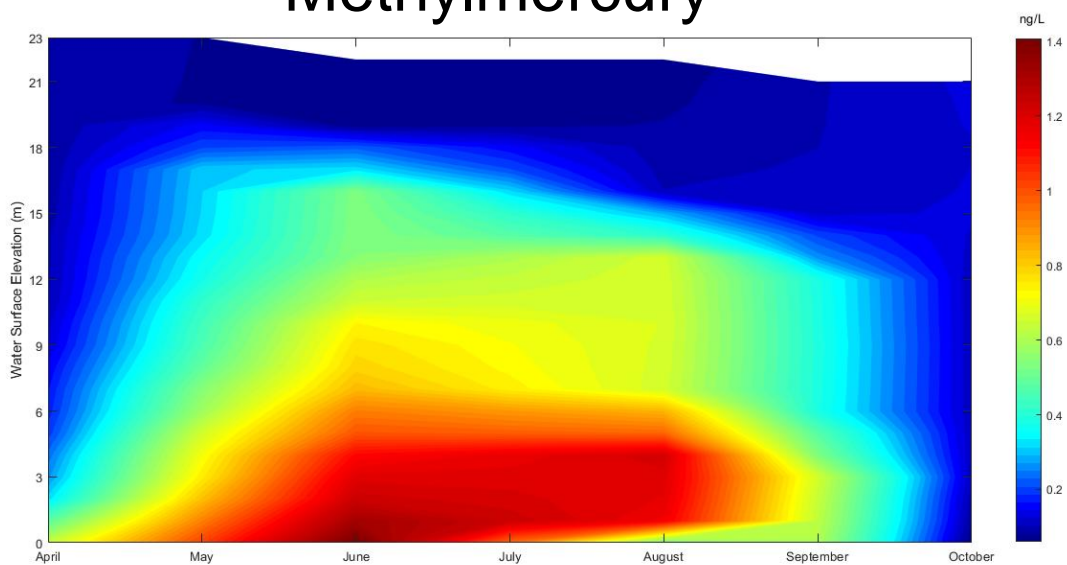


# Hodges 2017

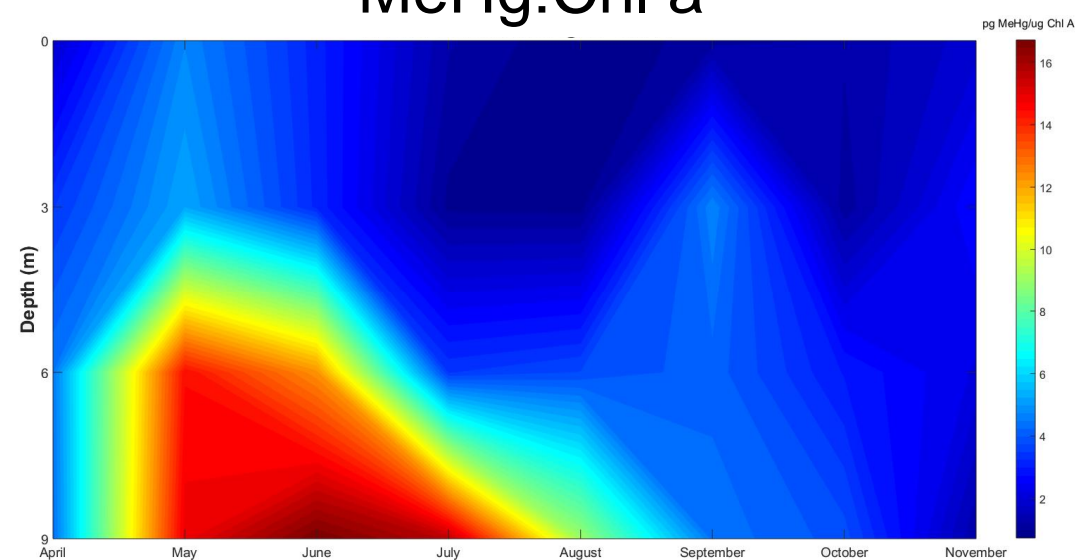
## Chl a

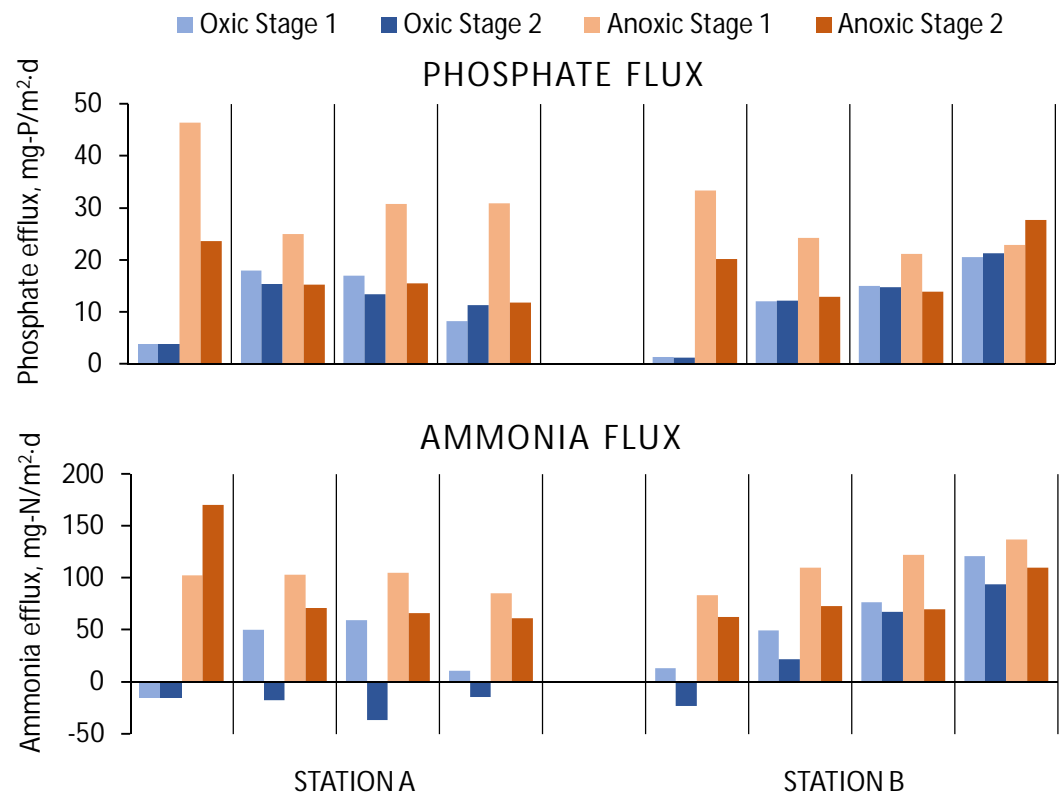


## Methylmercury

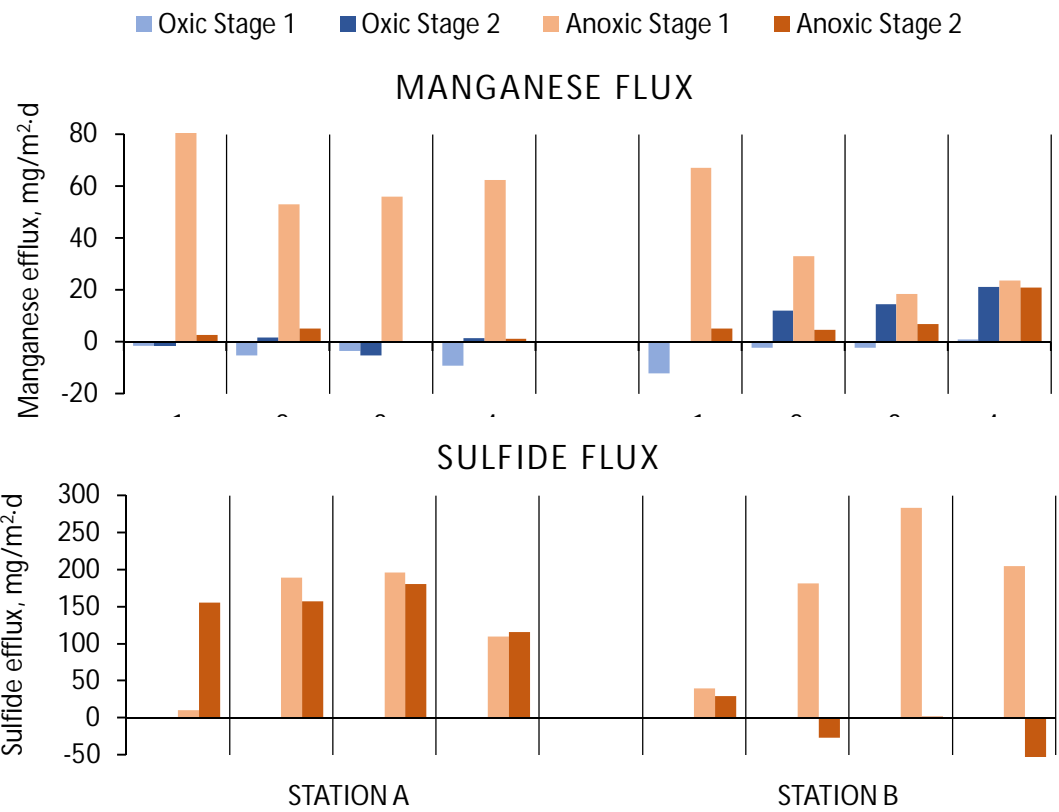


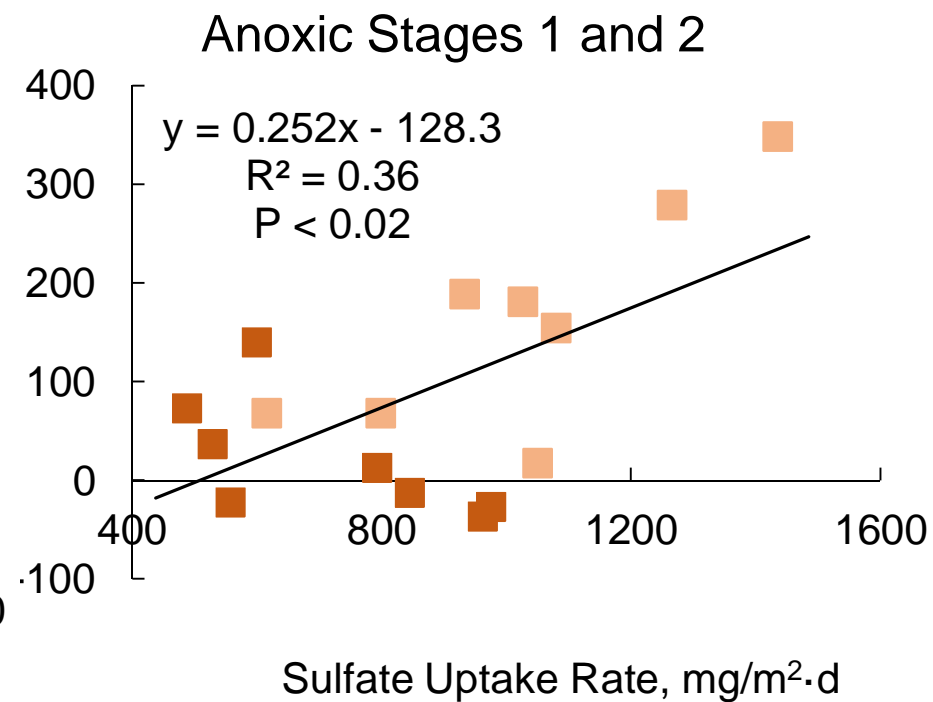
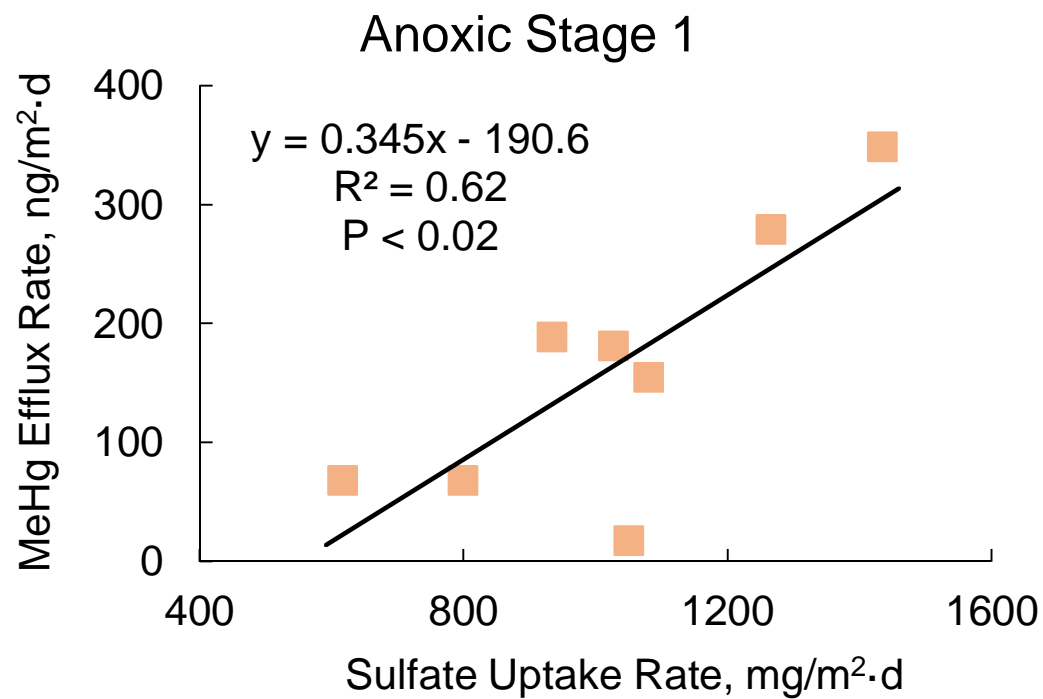
## MeHg:Chl a



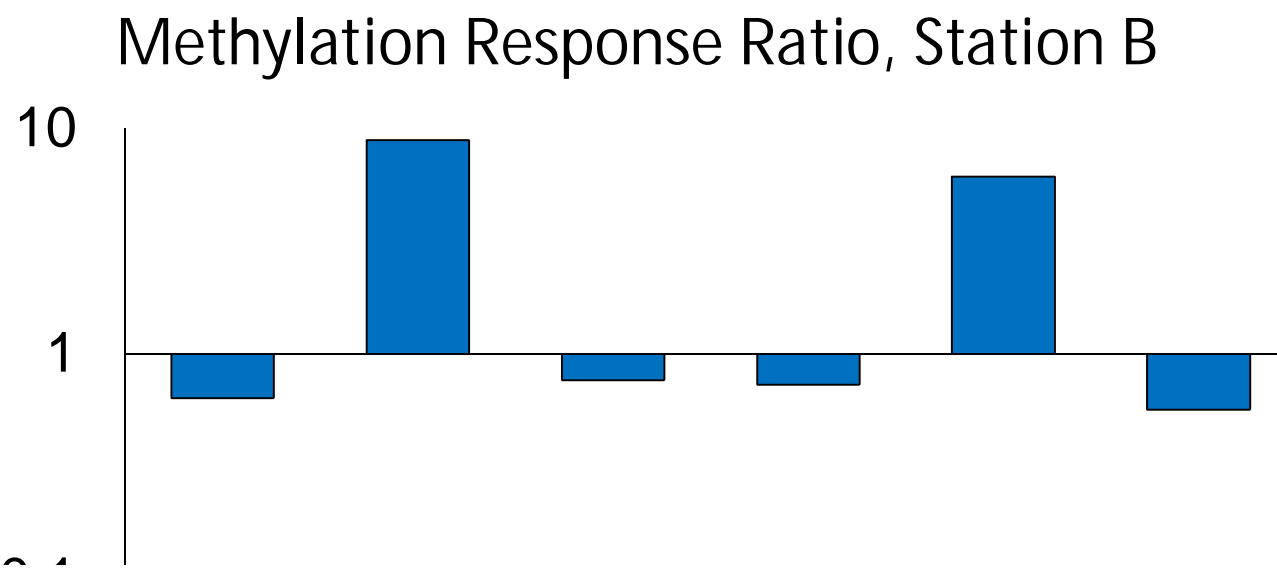
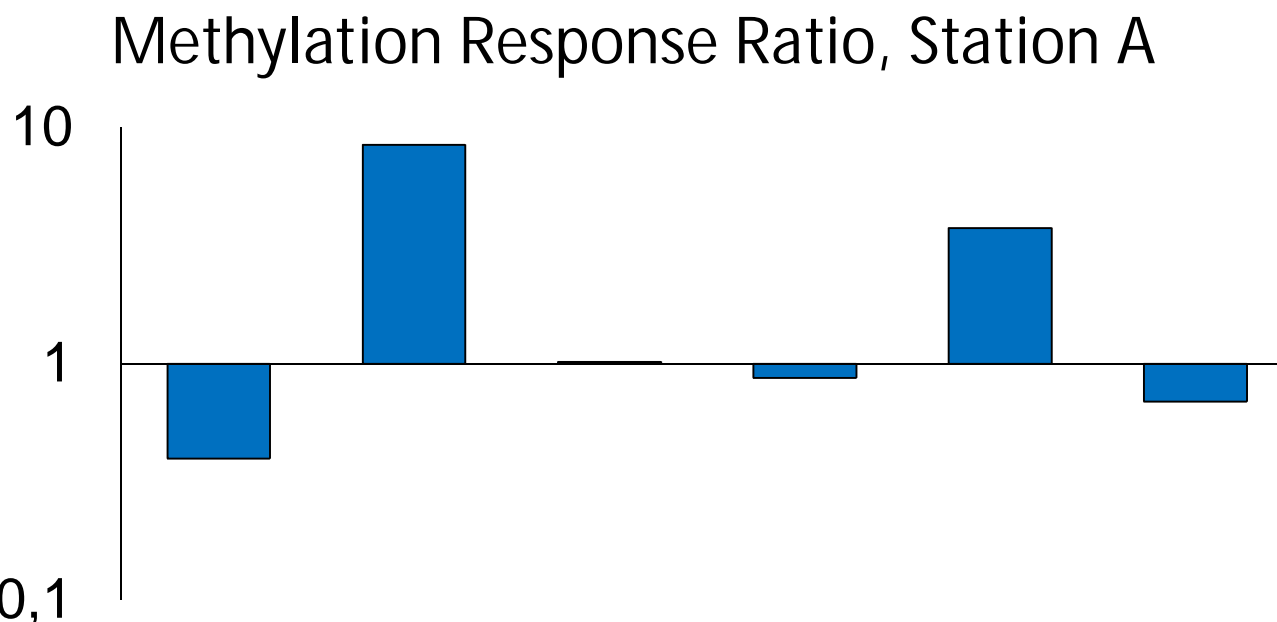




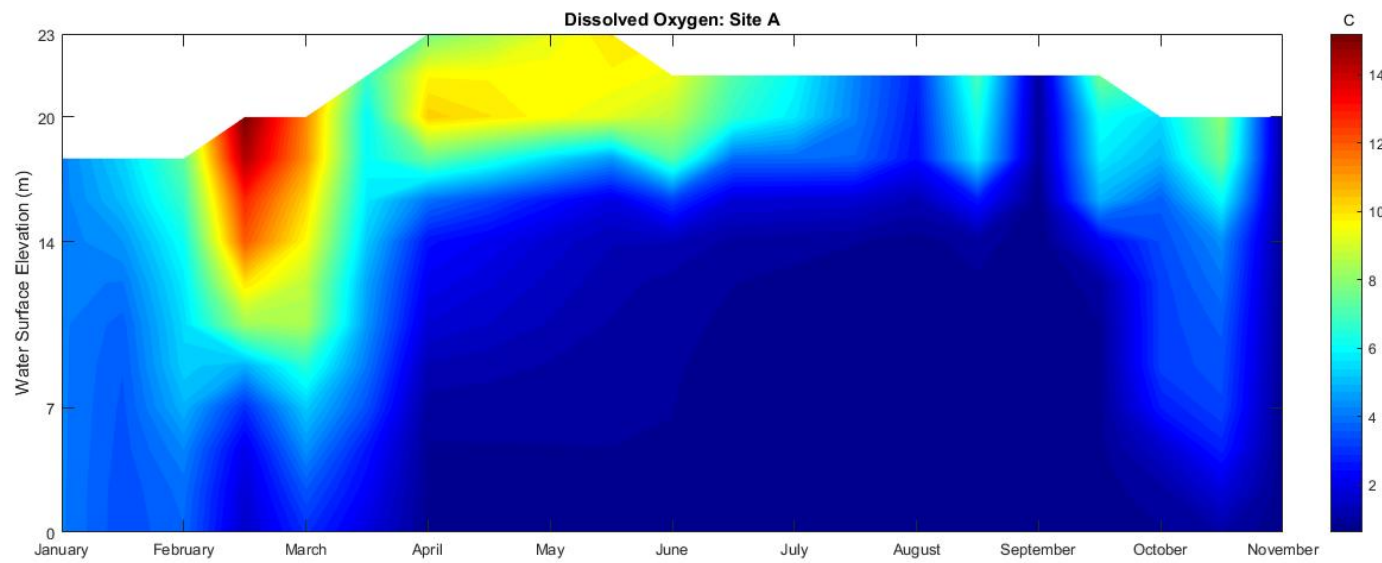




# Hodges 2018







Oxidizing ↑ Eh ↓ Reducing

